## Problem of the Week \#7

(Spring 2022)

A positive integer $n$ is a semi-1 number if exactly half of the integers from 1 through $n$ contain the digit 1 . For example, 16 is semi-1, because exactly 8 of the integers between 1 and 16 contain the digit 1 :

$$
\{1,10,11,12,13,14,15,16\} .
$$

Your challenge: submit the largest semi-1 number you can find! How do you know that your number is semi-1?

Bonus: Are there infinitely many semi-1 numbers, or only finitely many?
[Please fully explain your answer.]
Email solutions to kwonmi@uwplatt.edu by 2:00pm on Wednesday, March 23, 2022.

Every week, the best solution submitted earns a $\$ 10$ Platteville gift certificate; the top scorer each semester also wins a cash award. Good luck! You can always see the Problem of the Week (and complete rules) online at:

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http://uwpmath.weebly.com/
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