

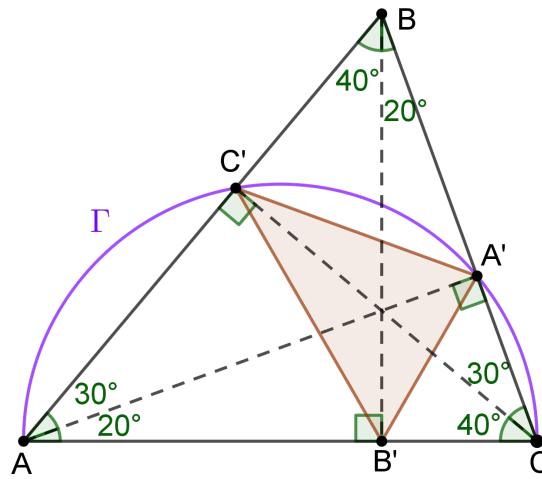


PROBLEM OF THE WEEK #10
 (Fall 2019)

Given a triangle T with angle measures 50° , 60° , and 70° , what are the angle measures of the triangle whose vertices are the feet of the altitudes of T ?

Solution:

The angle measures are 40° , 60° , and 80° .



Proof. Suppose $\triangle ABC$ has $\angle A = 50^\circ$, $\angle B = 60^\circ$, and $\angle C = 70^\circ$. Let A' (resp. B' , C') be the foot of the altitude from A (resp. B , C), as shown in the figure. It is easy to use the triangles with right angles at A' , B' , and C' to find the measures of all angles with vertices at A , B , and C .

Draw a circle Γ with diameter AC . Because $\angle AA'C$ and $\angle AC'C$ are right angles that intercept the diameter of Γ , the points A' and C' lie on Γ . Now $\angle A'C'C = \angle A'AC = 20^\circ$, because they intercept the same arc of Γ , and likewise $\angle AA'C' = \angle ACC' = 40^\circ$.

Drawing circles on the other two sides of $\triangle ABC$ and using the same argument, we get:

- $\angle AA'B' = \angle ABB' = 40^\circ$,
- $\angle BB'A' = \angle BAA' = 30^\circ$,
- $\angle BB'C' = \angle BCC' = 30^\circ$,
- $\angle CC'B' = \angle CBB' = 20^\circ$.

Thus the angle measures of $\triangle A'B'C'$ are $\angle A' = 40^\circ + 40^\circ = 80^\circ$, $\angle B' = 30^\circ + 30^\circ = 60^\circ$, and $\angle C' = 20^\circ + 20^\circ = 40^\circ$. □

Source: Suggested by MAA American Mathematics Competitions, “Friday’s Problem of the Day,” MathFest 2019.